LVMTA MUSICIANSHIP EXAMS

THEORY EXAM GUIDELINES LEVEL 6

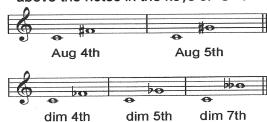
NOTATION

None

INTERVALS

Identify in treble or bass clefs:

- Major 2nd 3rd 6th 7th
- Perfect 4th 5th 8th
- Minor 2nd 3rd 6th 7th
- Augmented 4th 5th
- Diminished 4th 5th 7th above the notes in the keys of C F G A E Bb Eb Ab



Draw in treble or bass clefs:

- Major 2nd 3rd 6th 7th
- Perfect 4th 5th 8th
- Minor 2nd 3rd 6th 7th
 above the notes in the keys of C F G D A E Bb Eb Ab



KEY SIGNATURES

Identify in treble or bass clefs:

Keys of B/Cb F#/Gb C#/Db Major



Draw in treble or bass clefs:

Keys of g c f b minor



SCALES AND CHORDS

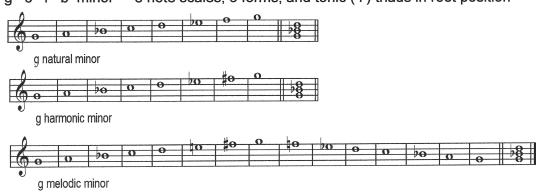
Identify in treble or bass clefs:

- B/Cb F#/Gb C#/Db Major scales
- i iv V7 in keys of g c f b minor



Draw in treble or bass clefs:

g c f b minor - 8 note scales, 3 forms, and tonic (i) triads in root position



RHYTHM

Identify:

- Any time signature
- Any note or rest value

Draw:

Complete measures with correct notes and rests

EAR TRAINING

Identify:

- Major, natural harmonic melodic minor and chromatic scales
- Major, minor, diminished, and augmented triads
- Major and Dominant 7ths



Maj 7th Dom 7th

- Intervals M2, m2, M3, m3, P4, P5, P8
- Rhythmic and melodic dictation
- Notation correction





VOCABULARY Match definitions:

Assai Very

Intonation True or false matching of pitch

Morendo Dying away
Opus Work
Pesante Heavily
Sempre Always
Subito Suddenly
Tenuto Held

Etouffee Also called "muffle", to dampen harp strings with

the flat of the palm

Laissez vibrer (L.V.) To fade away without dampening (harp)

Tonic 1st degree of scale
Supertonic 2nd degree of scale
Mediant 3rd degree of scale
Subdominant 4th degree of scale
Dominant 5th degree of scale
Submediant 6th degree of scale
Subtonic 7th degree of scale

HISTORY

Composer	Nationality	Period
Domenico Scarlatti	Italian	Baroque
Franz Joseph Haydn	Austrian	Classical
Franz Schubert	Austrian	Romantic
Felix Mendelssohn	German	Romantic
Edward MacDowell	American	Transitional - Romantic to Contemporary

FORM Define:

Sonata Multi-movement composition, with the 1st movement in

Allegro Form which consists of the following:

Exposition Consists of 2 themes, 1st in the tonic key and 2nd in a closely

related kev.

Development Uses material from both themes and in many keys.

Recapitulation Repeats the exposition with themes in the tonic key.

Andante or Adagio Slow; usually the second movement of a sonata.

Scherzo, Minuet, Additional movements of a sonata.

or Rondo