



alar subject.

The study of terms

terminology

[tur-muh-nol-uh-jee]

noun, plural 'terminologies'

- the system of terms belonging or peculiar to a science, art, or specialized subject; nomenclature.
- the science of terms, as in particular sciences or arts.

Word Origin and History for 'terminology'

t, from German Terminologie (1786), a hybrody by C.G. Schütz of Jena, from Medieval ord, expression" (see terminologie (1786), a hybrody cord, expression (see terminologie (1786), a hybrody c









It's kind of like acquiring the intellectual capital of a ready-made, talented crew.





2. ANGEL INVESTOR

An individual who invests his or her own money at an early stage in exchange for a share of the company.

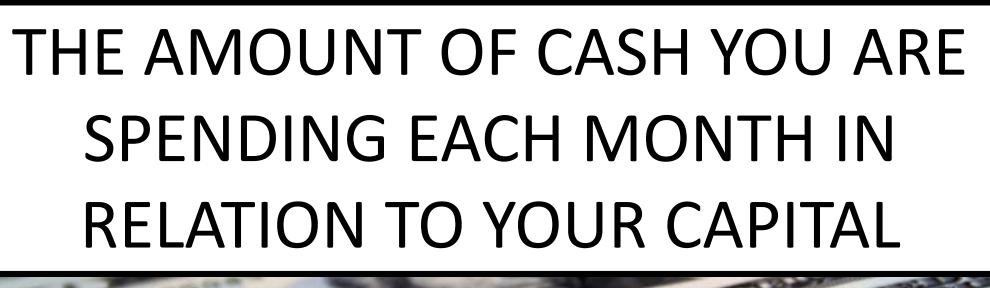




An angel can be a high net worth entrepreneur or friend or family member willing to invest in a great idea.



3. BURN RATE









A note is worth a percentage of equity ownership in a company.



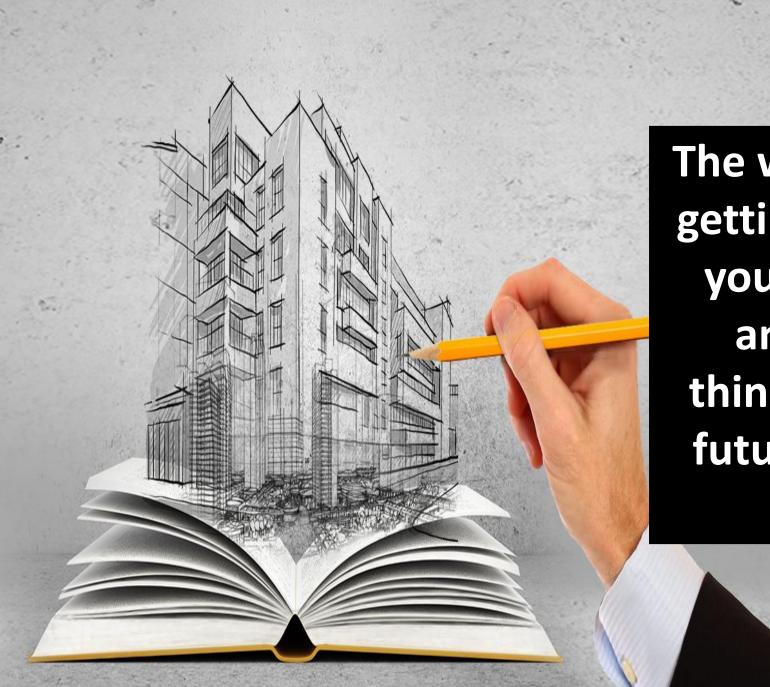












The way you envision getting money out of your company. It's another way of thinking about your future plans for the company.



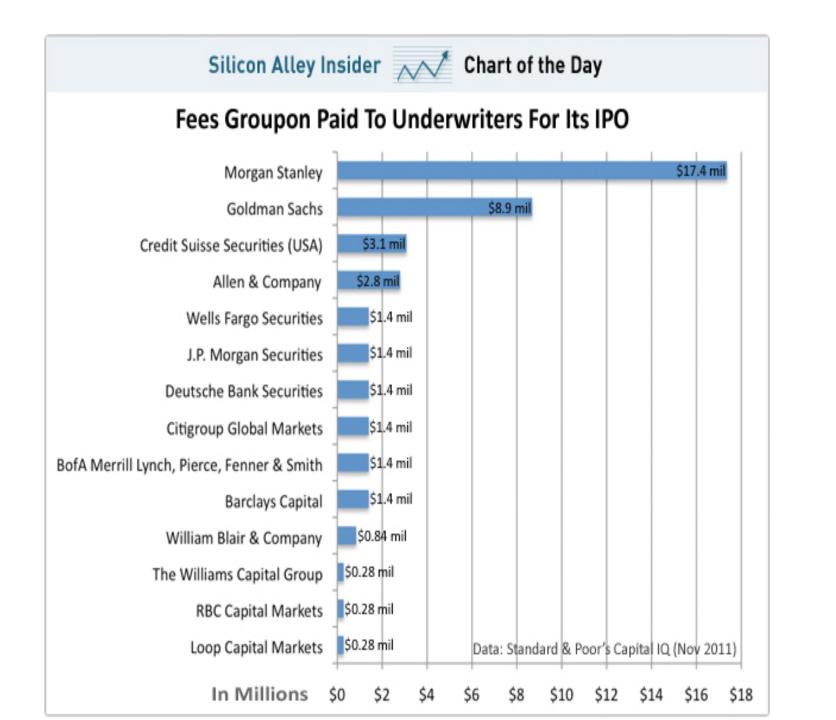




A company's IPO, or initial public offering. Think of it as just another way to raise funding.

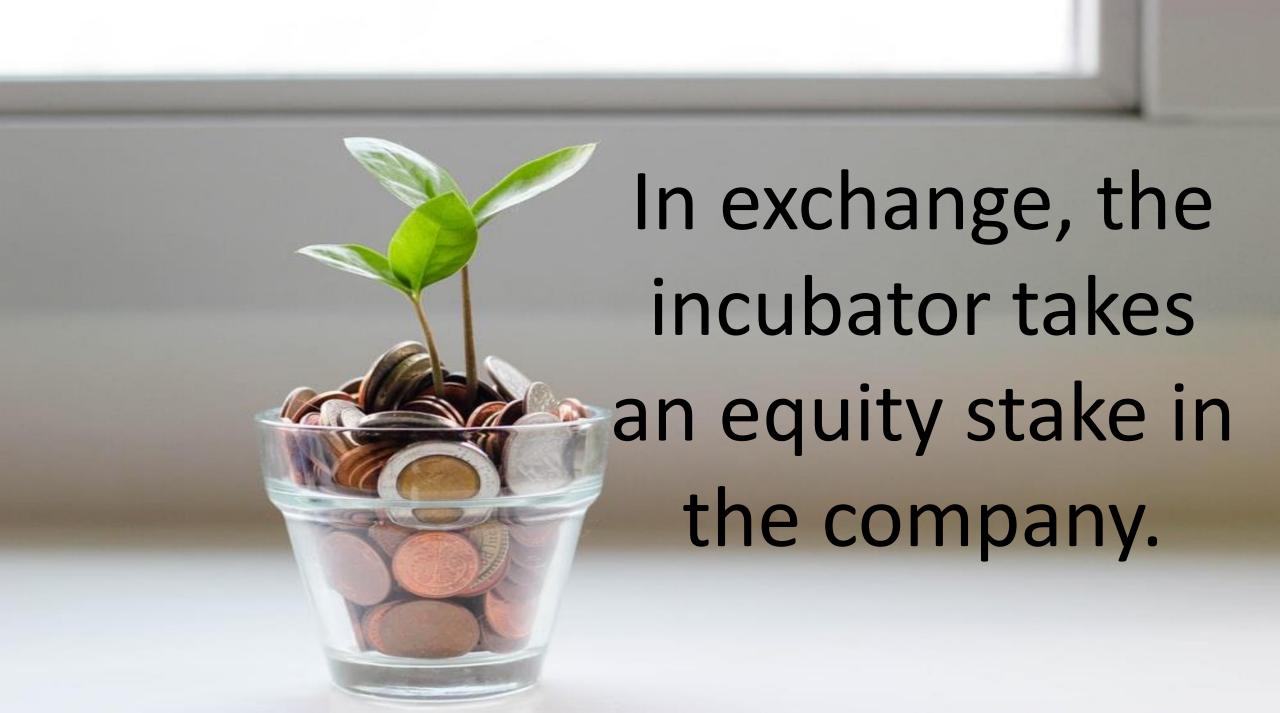




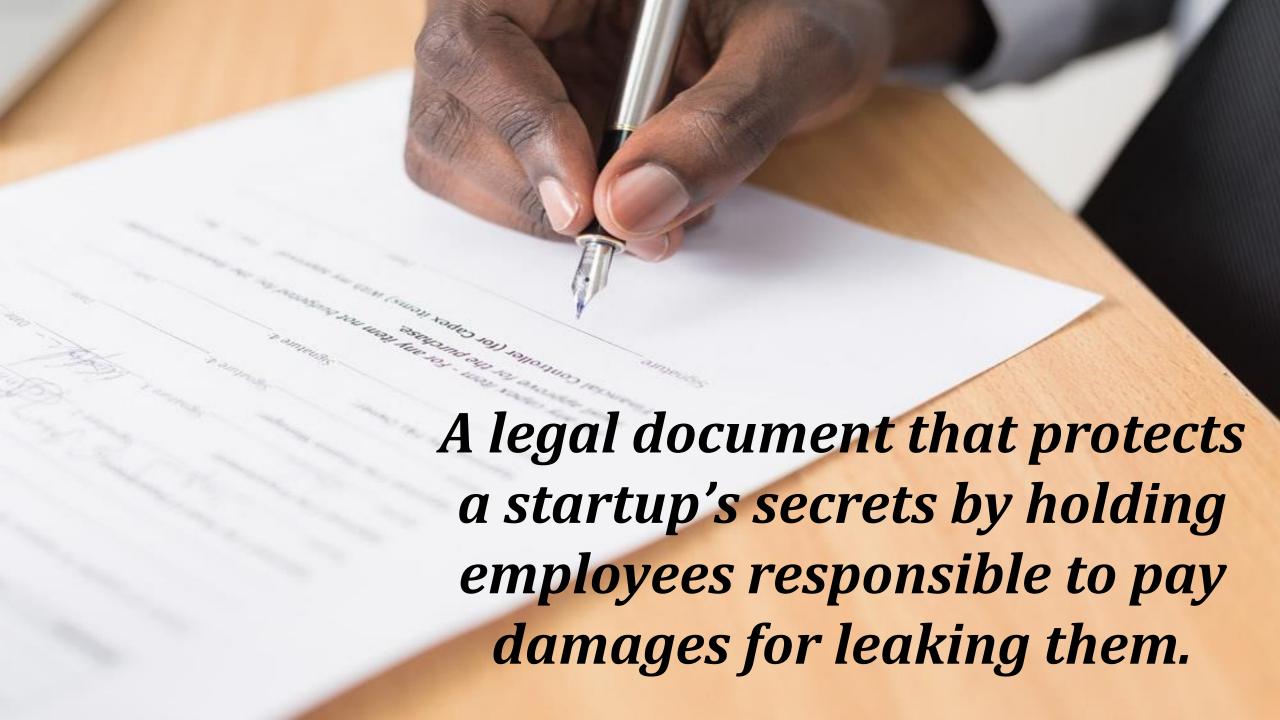


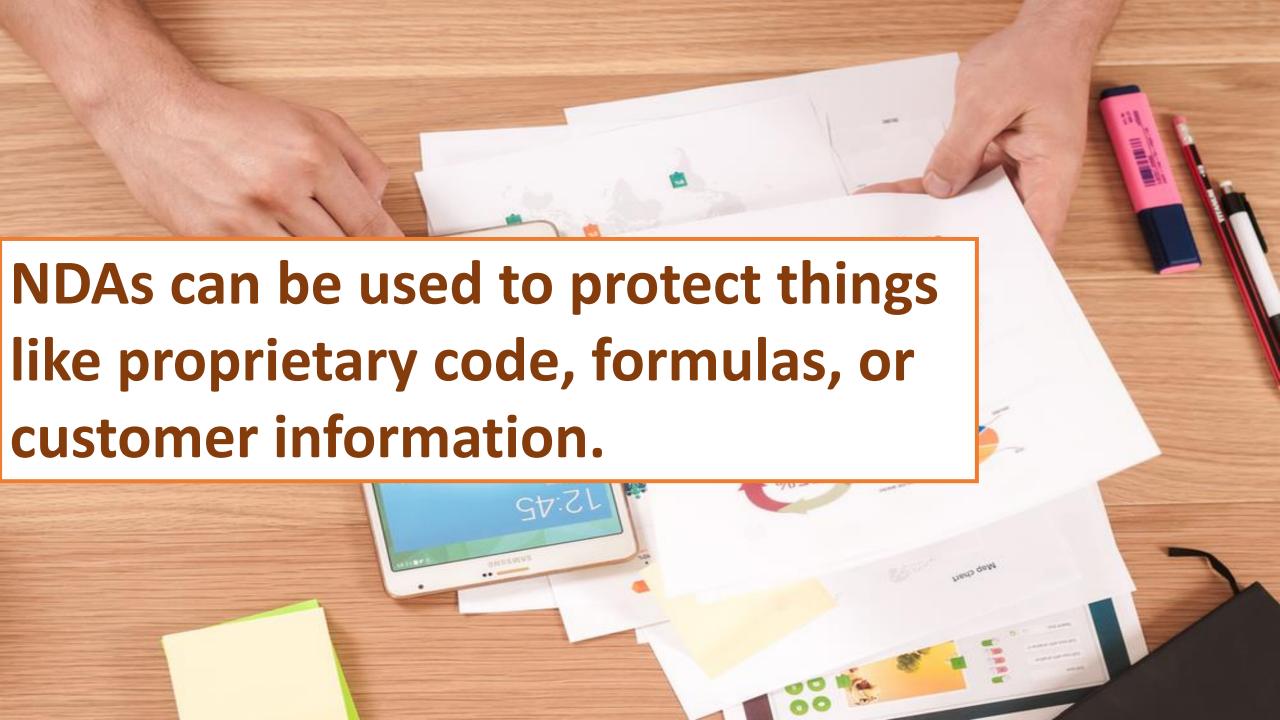




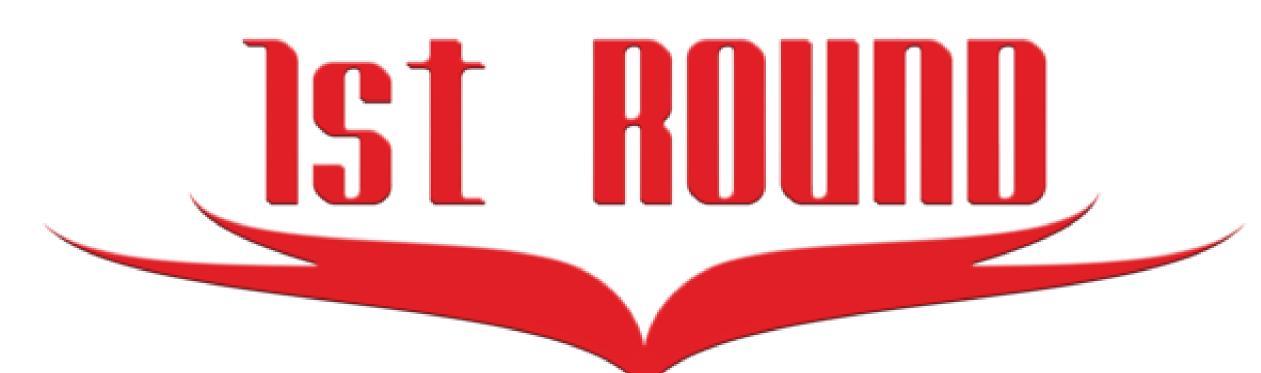












of venture capital funding for a business venture.

This is for the development stage, just past the angel round, and can be up to \$1 million of capital.



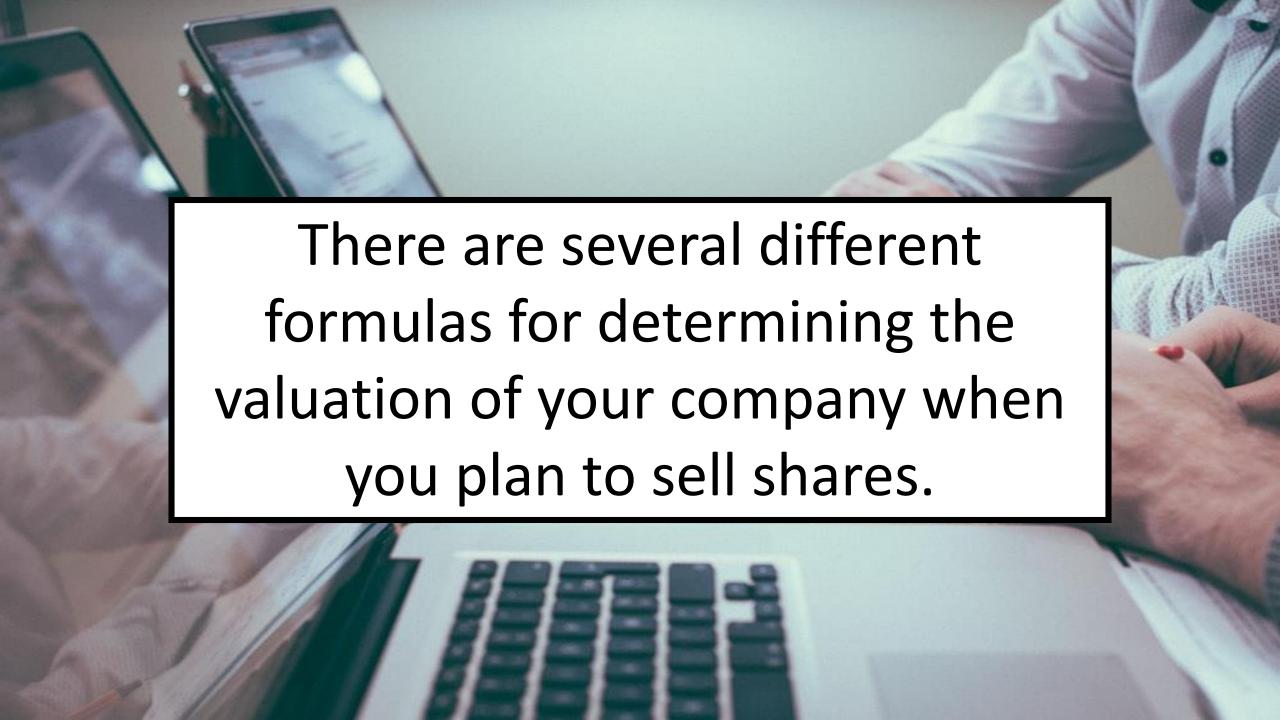


A course correction for startups based on findings in user testing and analysis.



















A professional individual who invests money in businesses in exchange for an equity share of the company.

Because VCs and venture capital firms invest institutional dollars (for investors, funds, and pension plans, etc.), they usually focus on proven or later-stage startups and invest greater amounts of money (typically at least \$2 million per round)





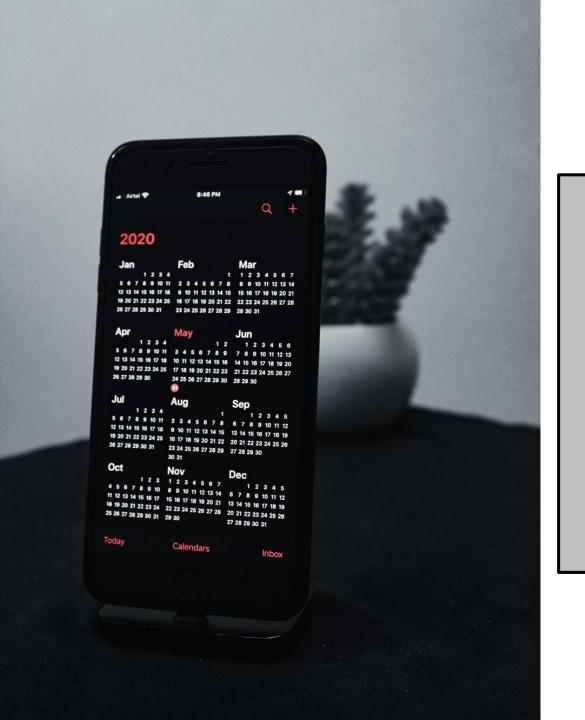


14. VESTING

The schedule under which founders and employees must remain in the company before receiving their full share of the equity.







A vesting schedule helps to instill staff loyalty and keep the company together for a certain period of time.

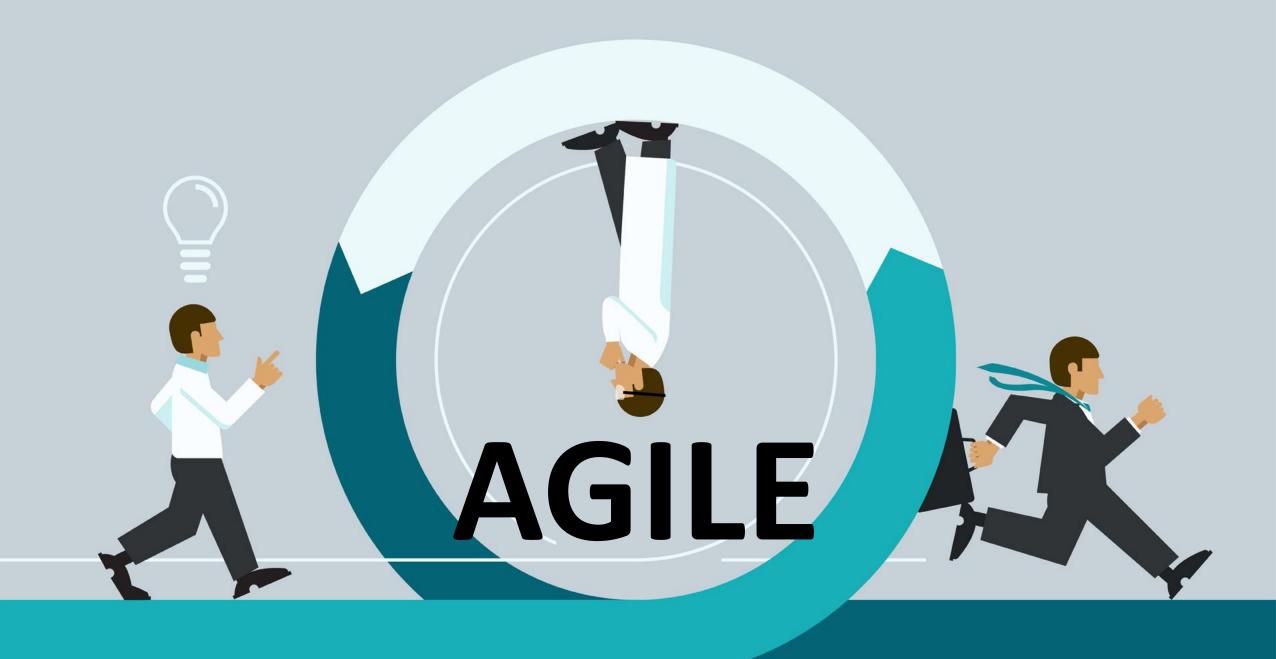


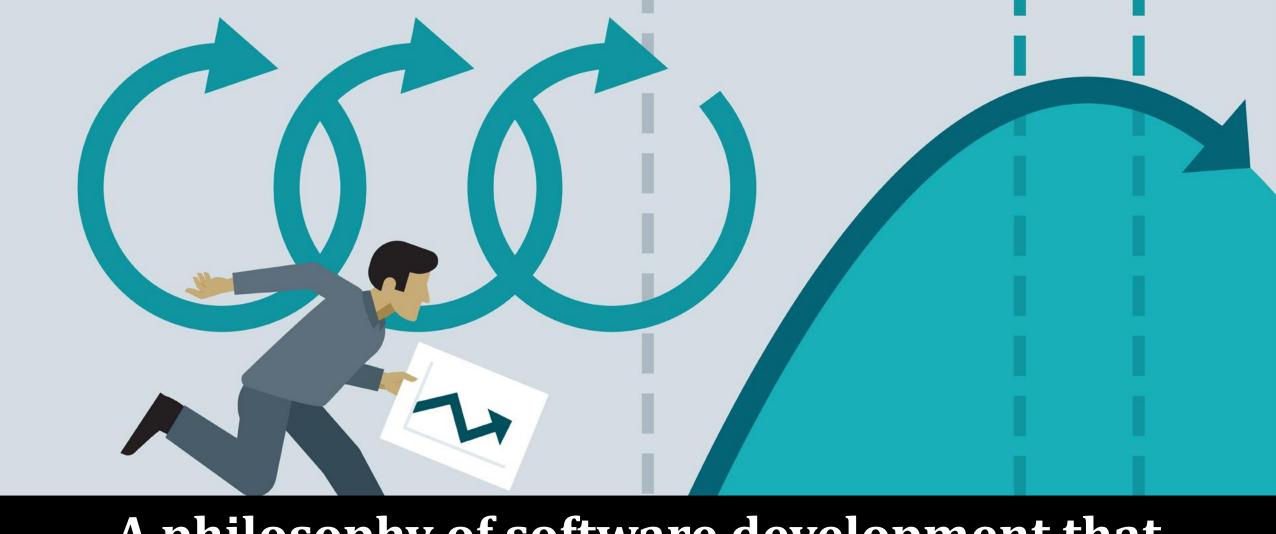
STARTUP AND VENTURE CAPITAL TERMS YOU SHOULD KNOW











A philosophy of software development that promotes incremental development and emphasizes adaptability and collaboration.





Business to business. This describes a business that is targeting another business with its product or services.

B2B TECHNOLOGY IS ALSO SOMETIMES REFERRED TO AS ENTERPRISE TECHNOLOGY.



BOARD OF DIRECTORS



A group of influential individuals, elected by stockholders, chosen to oversee the affairs of a company.











A common exit strategy. The purchase of a company's shares that gives the purchaser controlling interest in the company.



Monetary Assets Currently Available For Use.





Entrepreneurs raise capital to start a company and continue raising capital to grow the company.















This is when a company borrows money with the intent that the debt accrued will later be converted to equity in the company at a later valuation.



This allows companies to delay valuation while raising funding in it's early stages.





This is when a company raises money by selling bond, bills, or notes to an investor with the promise that the debt will be repaid with interest. It is typically performed by late-stage companies.

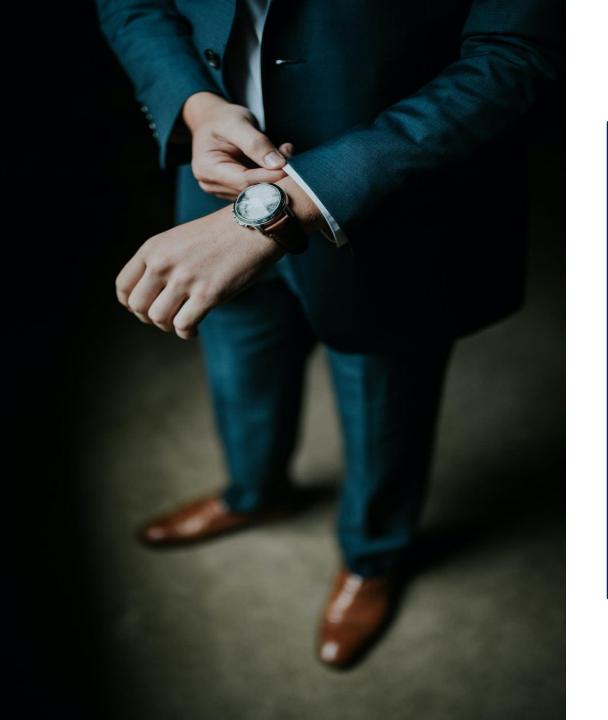












An individual who starts a business venture, assuming all potential risk and reward for his or herself.







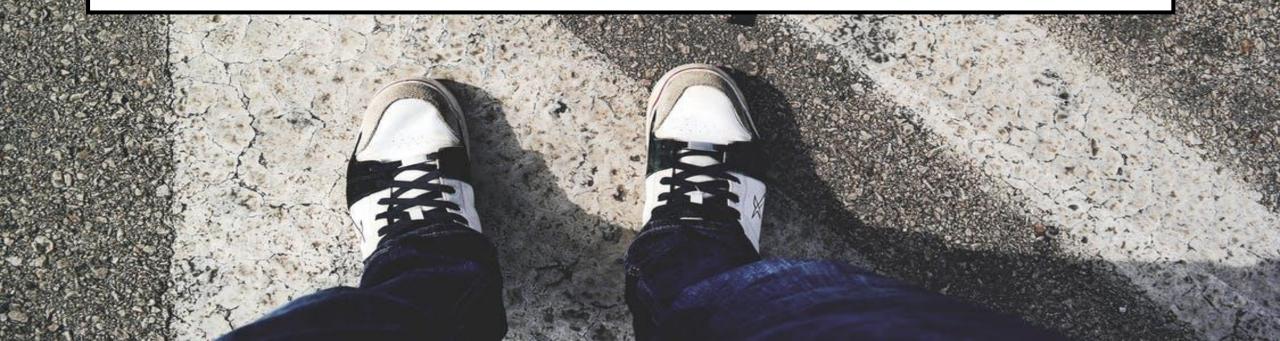








A reference to the beginning of a venture, or the earliest point of a startup. Generally considered an advantage to invest at this level.



INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERINGS



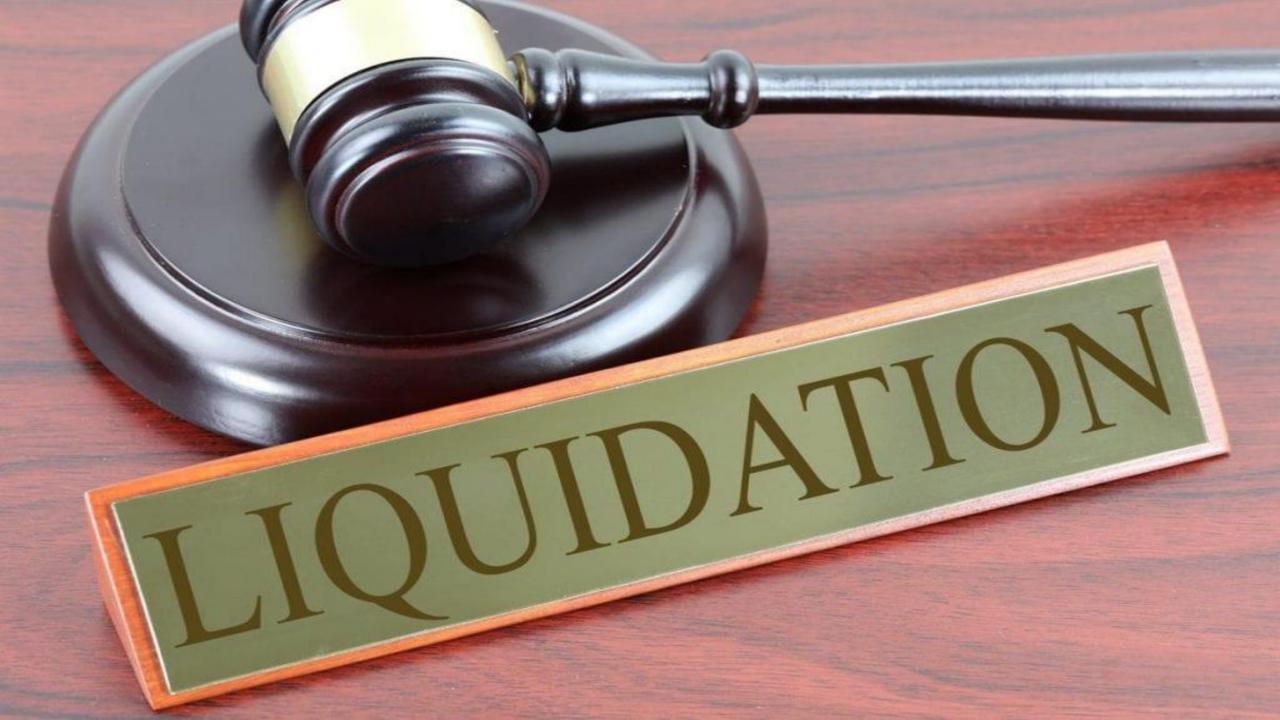
The first time shares of stock in a company are offered on a securities exchange or to the general public.





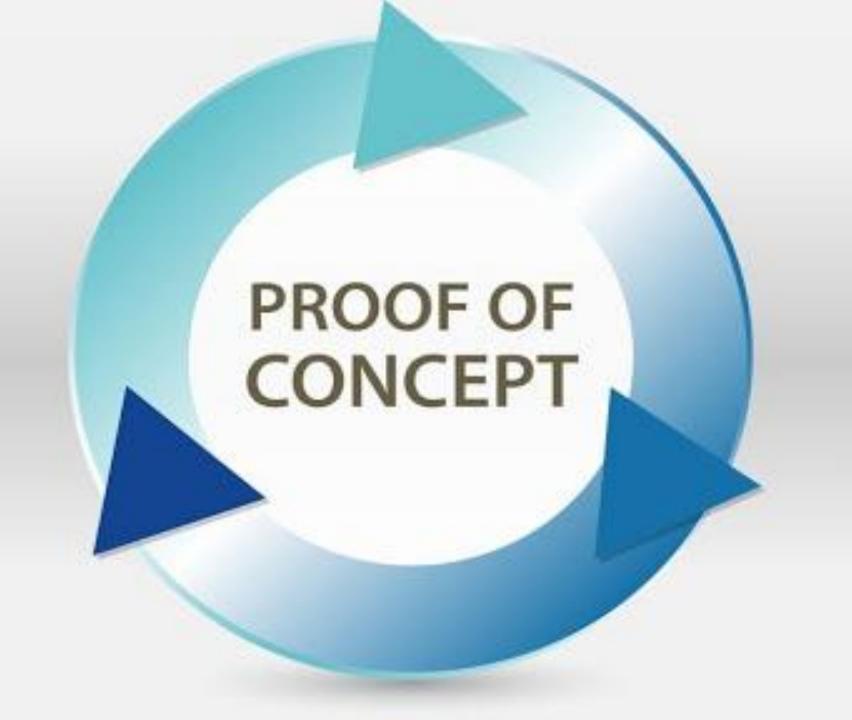
A venture capital firm or individual investor that organizes a specific round of funding for a company.





THE PROCESS OF DISSOLVING A COMPANY BY SELLING OFF ALL OF ITS ASSETS (MAKING THEM LIQUID).



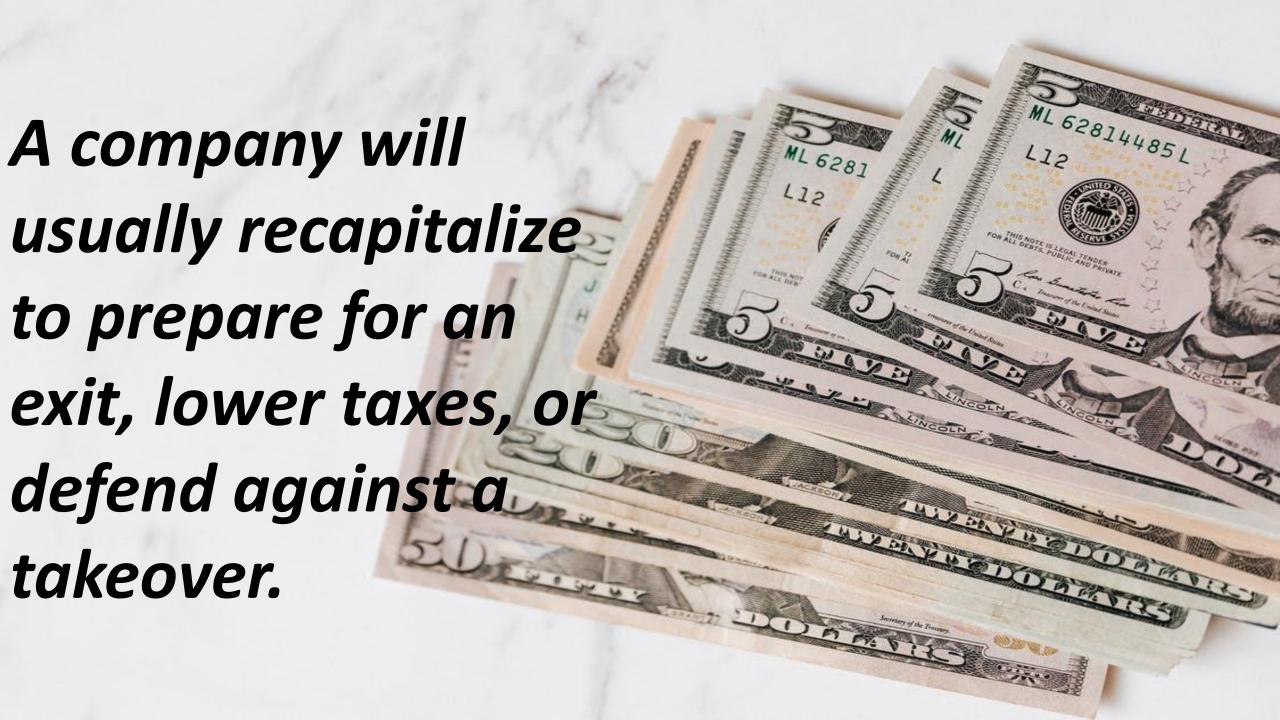


A demonstration of the feasibility of a concept or idea that a startup is based on. Many VCs require proof of concept if you wish to pitch to them.











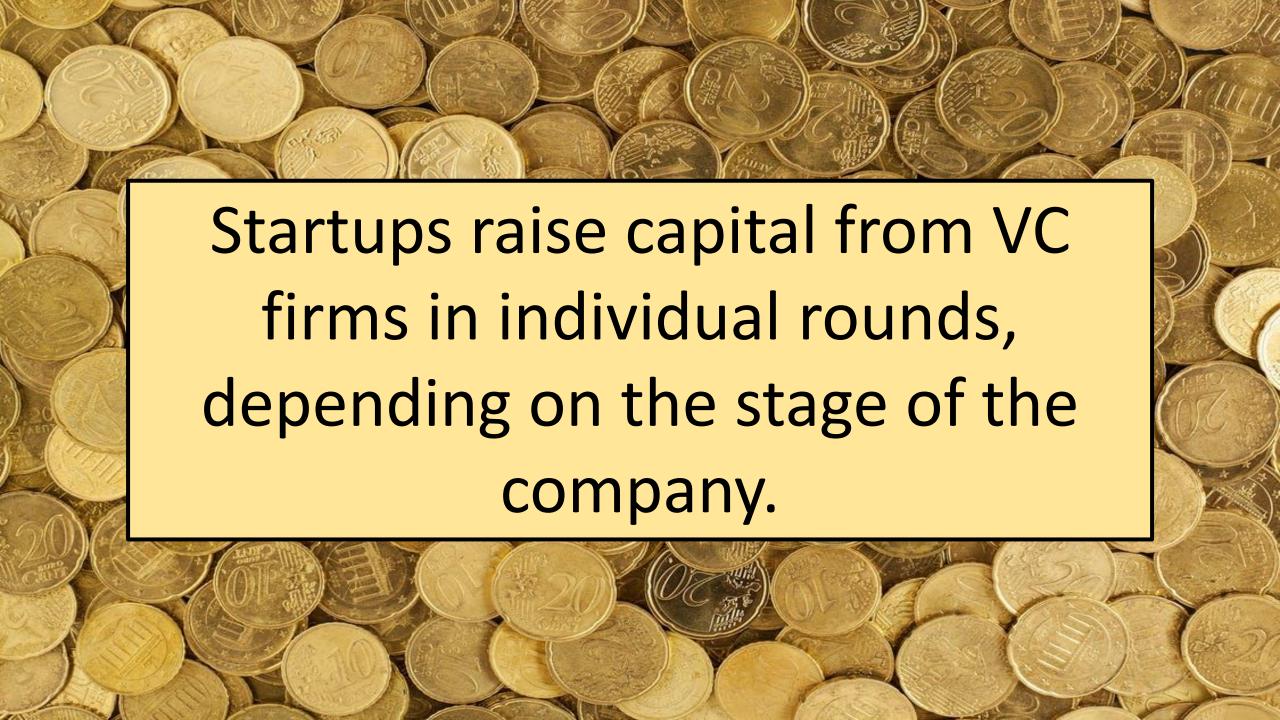
This is the much-talked-about "return on investment".



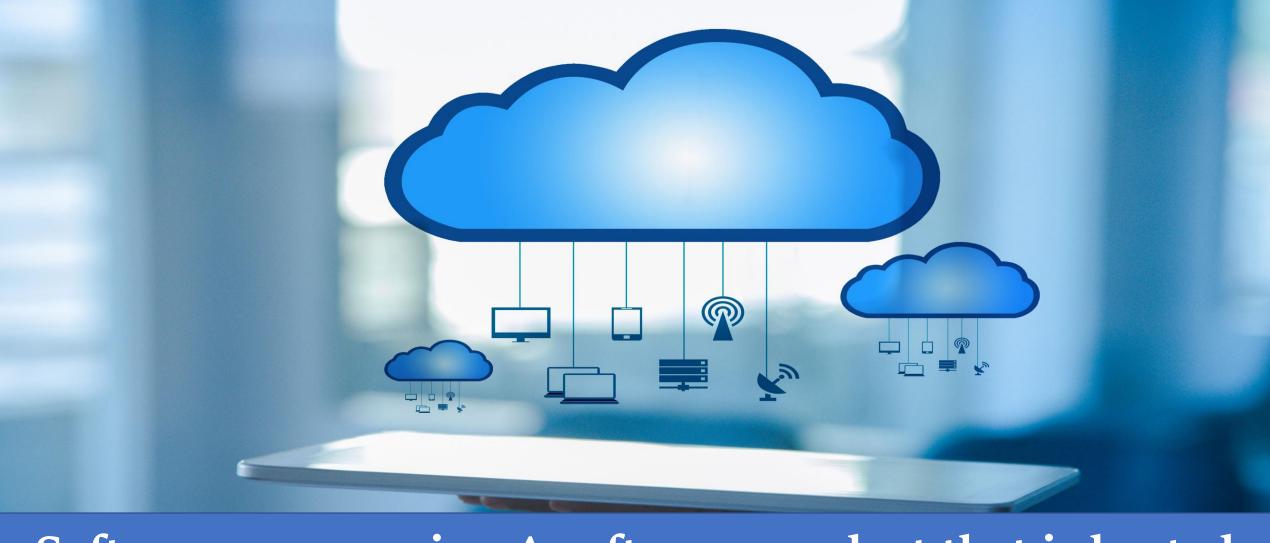
It's the money an investor gets back as a percentage of the money he or she has invested in a venture.











Software as a service. A software product that is hosted remotely, usually over the internet (a.k.a. "in the cloud").





An agreement between an investor and a company that provides rights to the investor for future equity in the company similar to a warrant, EXCEPT without determining a specific price per share at the time of the initial investment.



SAFEs are intended to provide a simpler mechanism for startups to seek initial funding than convertible notes.



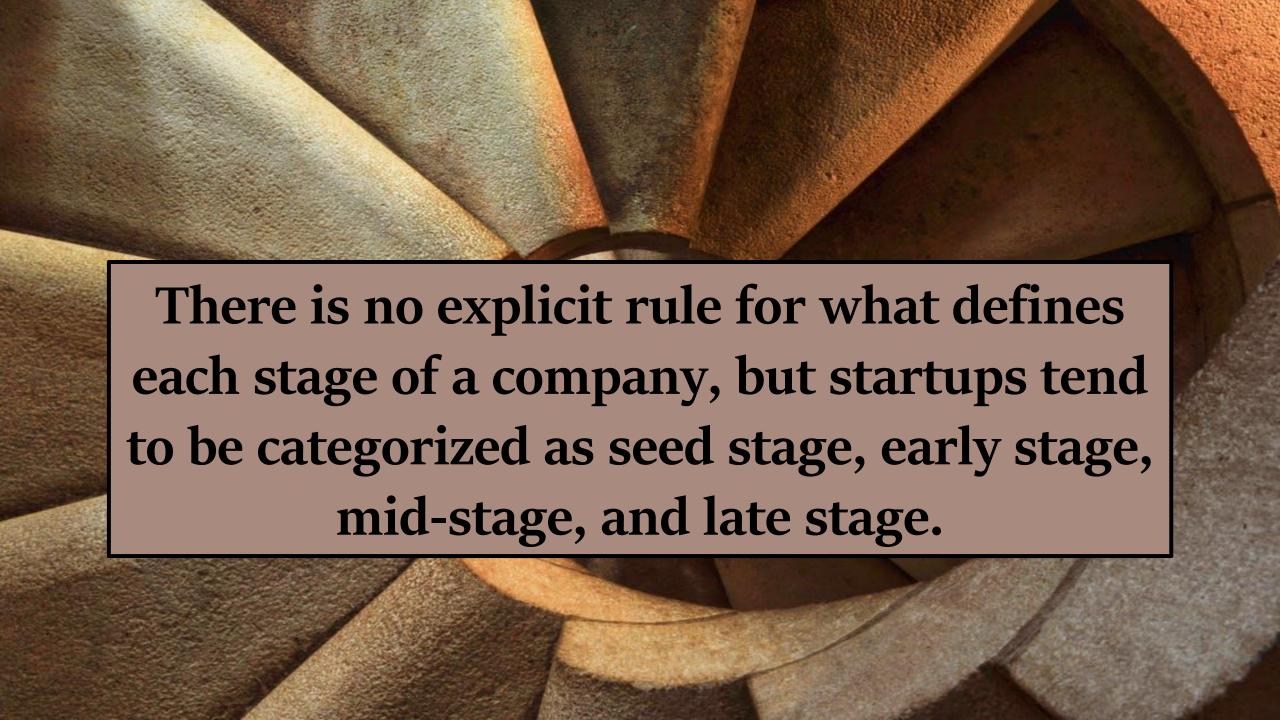








THE STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT A STARTUP COMPANY IS IN.



TRACTION





QUESTIONS INVESTORS WILL ASK ENTREPRENEURS SEEKING FUNDING







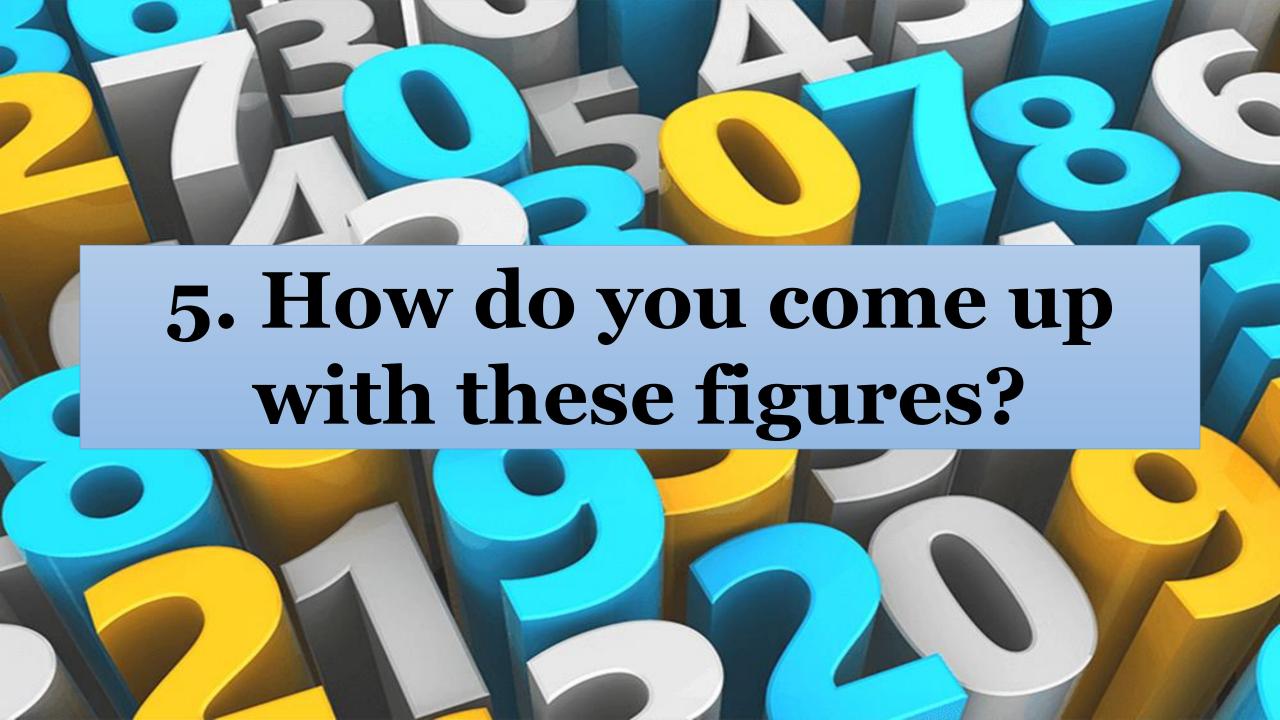
2. What percentage of the market share do you hope to get?





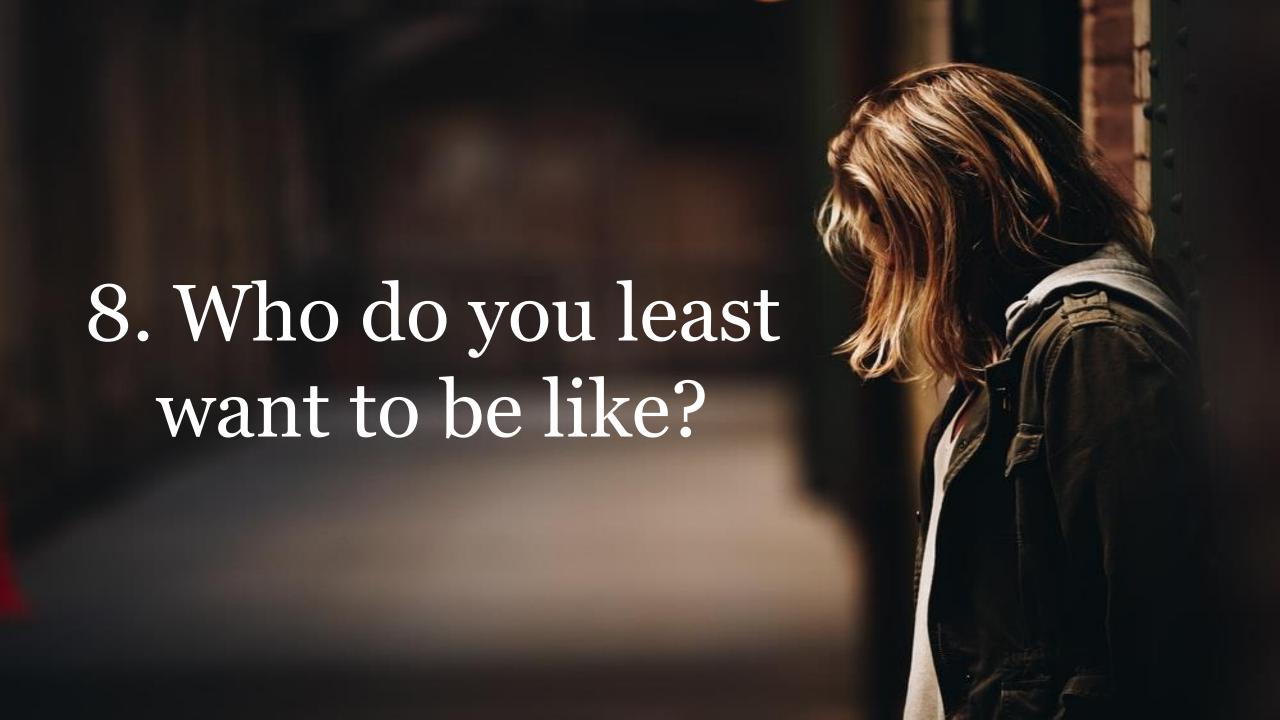
4. How long will this take?













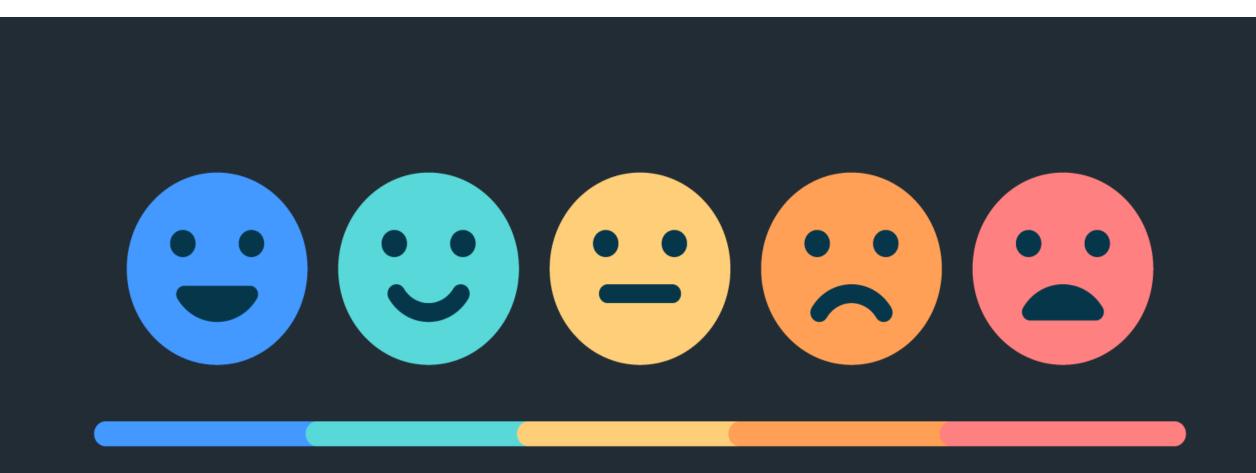
9. Why is this the right time for this product or service?



10. What is your marketing strategy?



11. How much feedback have you received so far?





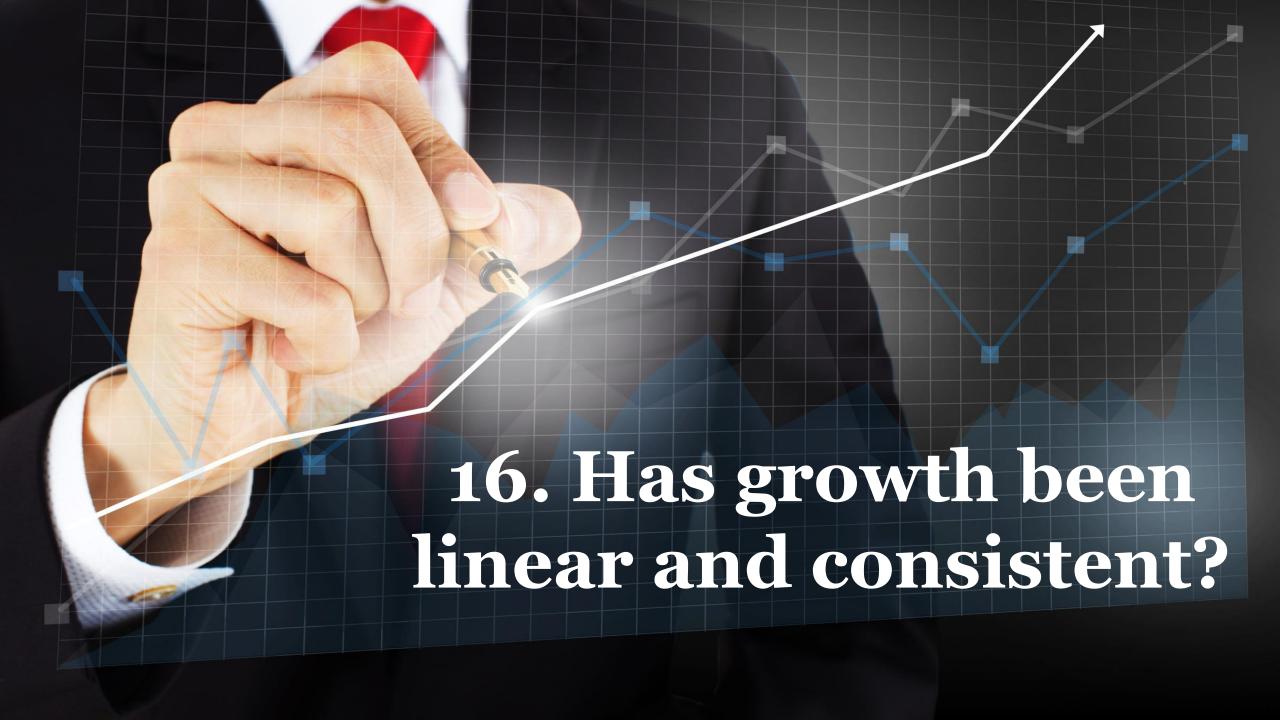
12. What changes have you made based on that feedback?





14. How long do users stay on average?









18. Can you provide a demonstration of the product or service now?





19. Where are your headquarters?



21. Who are key team members?





22. Any existing board members?

23. What key roles may need to be hired for soon?





24. What experience do you have in this industry?

25. Why are you the right person to bet on to achieve this?





26. What motivates you?

27. Are any of the founders willing to be bought out now?

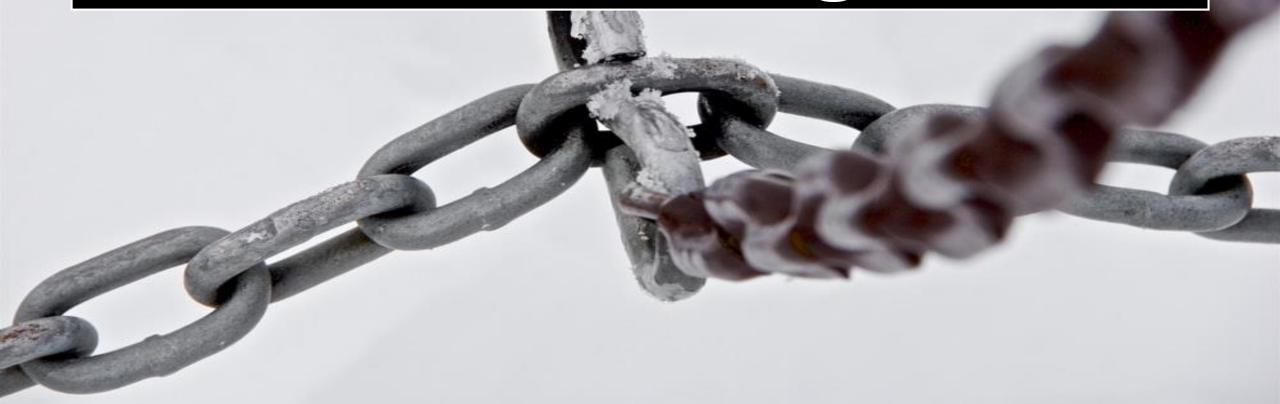






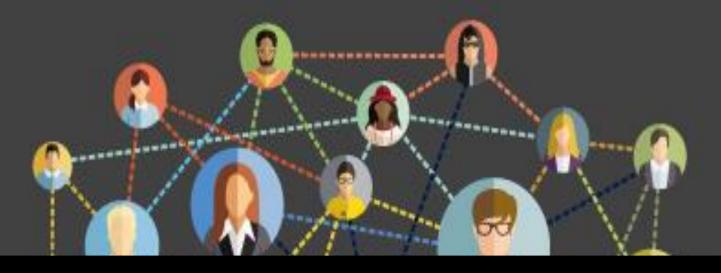
28. What are your strengths and advantages over your competitors?

29. What are your weaknesses or disadvantages?





30. What barriers to entry or scale are there for you?



31. Where is the competition letting down customers?





32. Why haven't your competitors done this yet?





35. How do you compare on customer satisfaction?







8.30 AM - Marketing Syst 2.45 PM - Review PD4 User

* call John again to are

Fork flight to Sydney
sut, 10.00 AM

900 AM - Office meeting

FINANCE







Business Company

123 consectetur (psum ve Fringitia nisi, Fusce 0002 Tel: 123-456-789-0 Fax: 123-456-789-1

> BIII to: Curabitur suscipit LTD 456 Pellentesque, Aliquet 2W st. SUO 9999 987-654-321

No.	Description
1234 2567 0034 0460 4729 4930 4893	ld rutrum
	Sed interdum odio
	Pellentesque
	Maecenas molestie
	Integer varius nisl
	Quisque luctus turpis

36. How are you marketing your product or services?



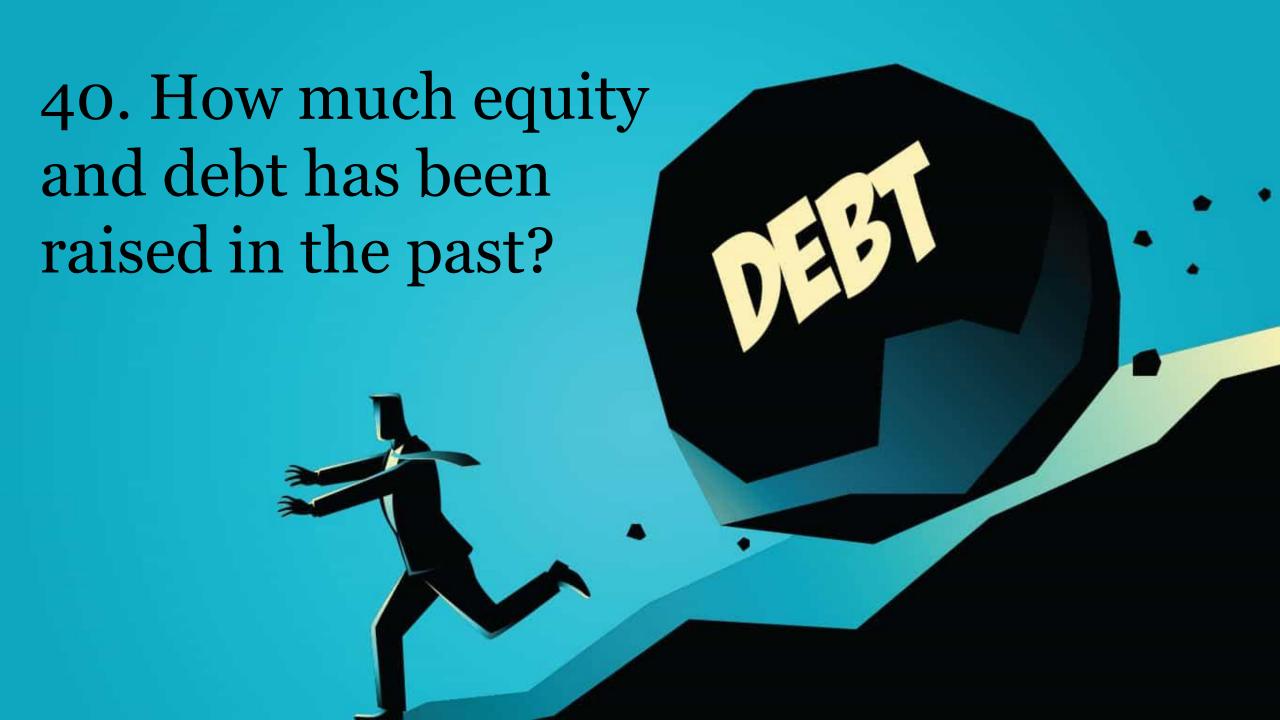


38. What are your per customer acquisition costs?



39. How much is your customer lifetime value?









42. What is your Burn Rate?



43. How long will it take to become profitable?















49. What intellectual property do you own?



50. Who developed any intellectual property owned?



51. Have any employees or partners have left who may challenge these rights?



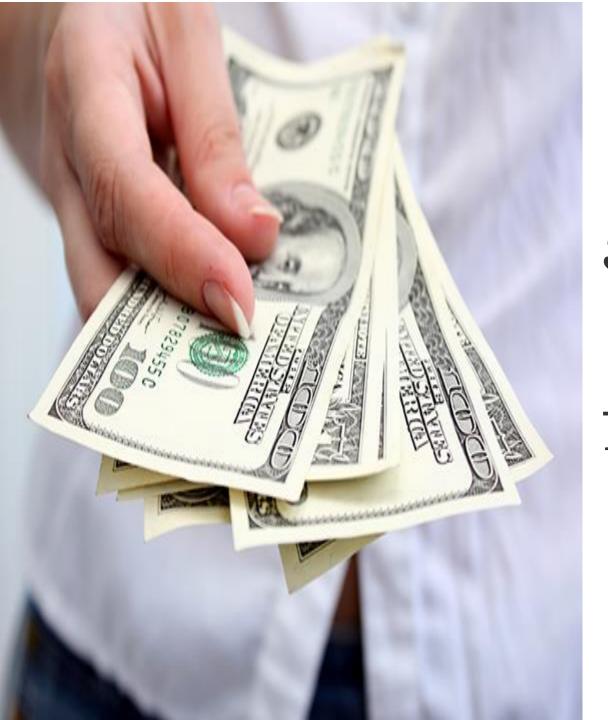


53. How are any current intellectual assets owned?

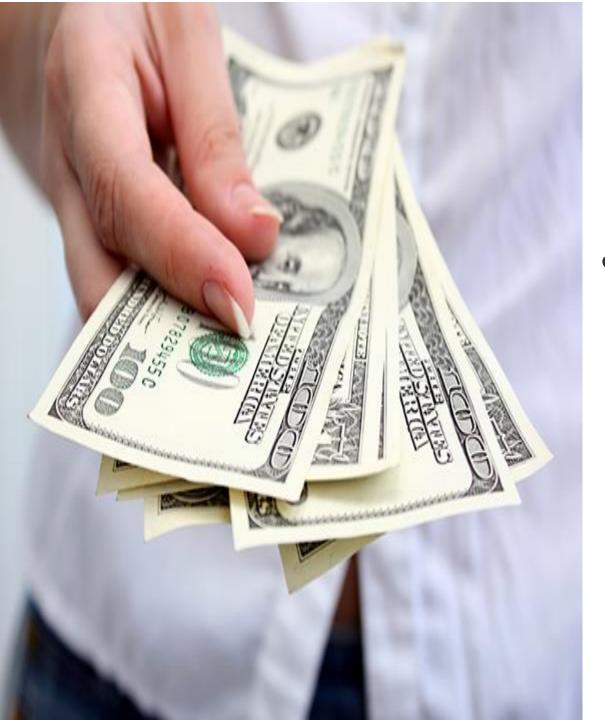


54. How will these funds be allocated?





55. How much will be spent on founders' salaries?



56. How much will be spent on overhead versus expansion?











61. How much of this money will be used for future fundraising efforts?



62. How much are your personal expenses each month?







64. What is your plan B if these sales channels are interrupted?



65. What profit margins are you operating on?



66. How will scaling impact profit margins?





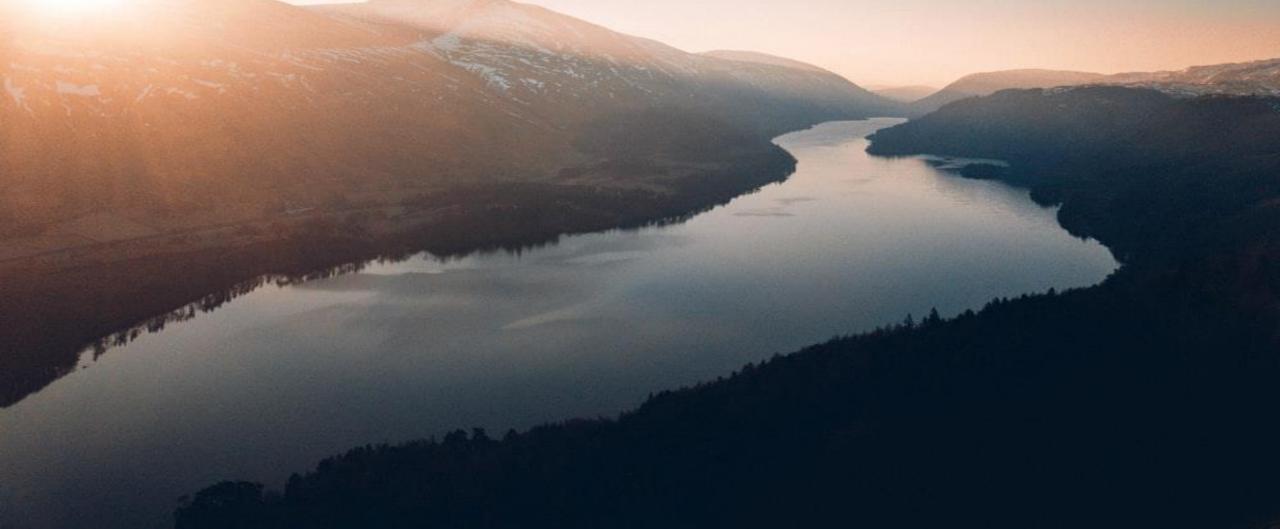
69. Who in this organization is most replaceable?





70. What unique features are you working on?

71. What other streams of revenue can be added to this?

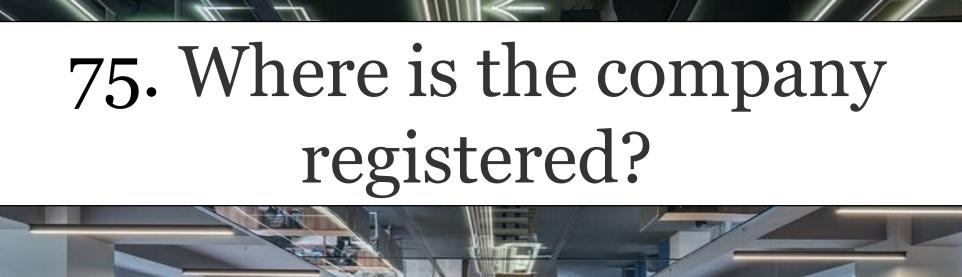


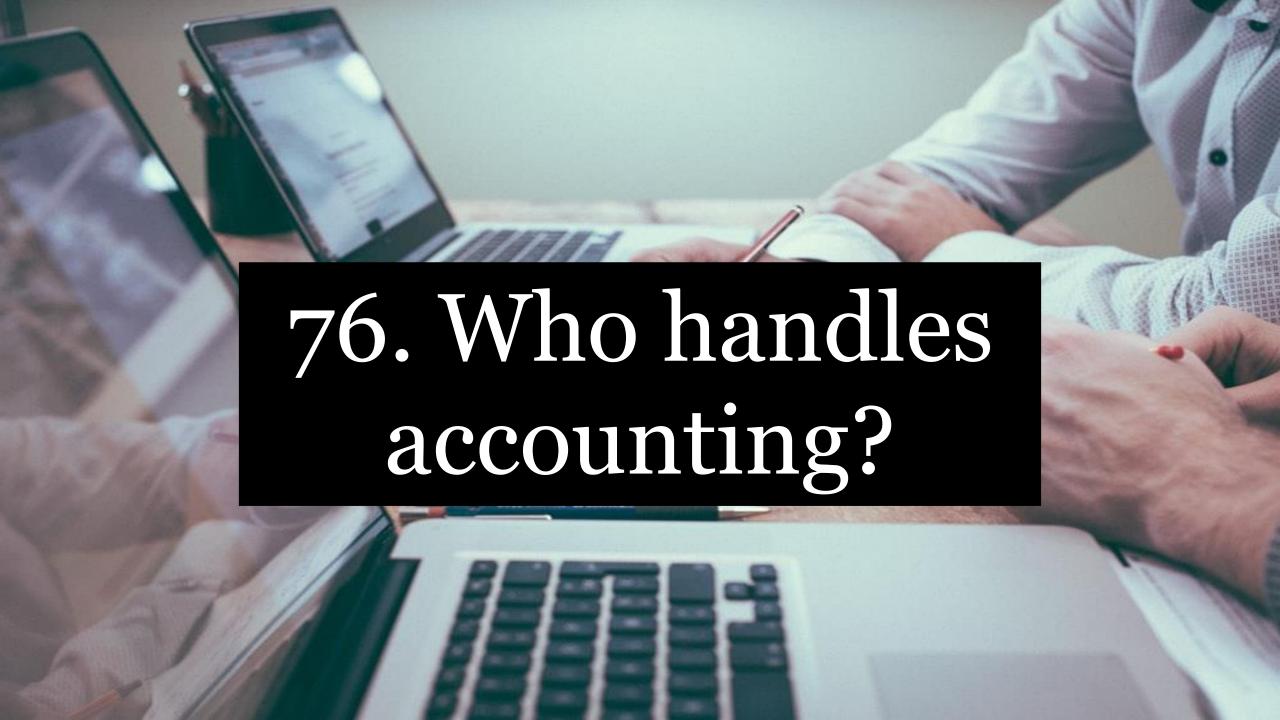




73. How are shares split?

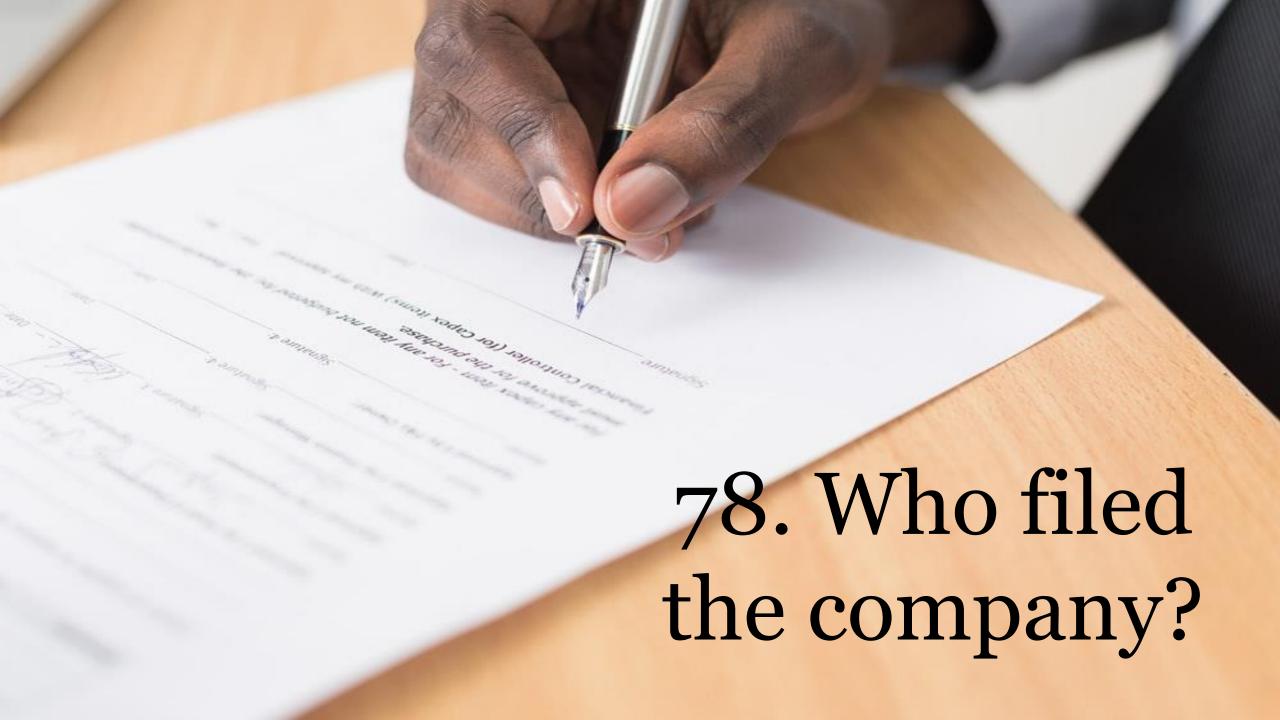






77. Name someone you chose not to include as a founder and why?







EXISTING FINANCING ROUND





80. What is your exit goal? (i.e. IPO, M&A)



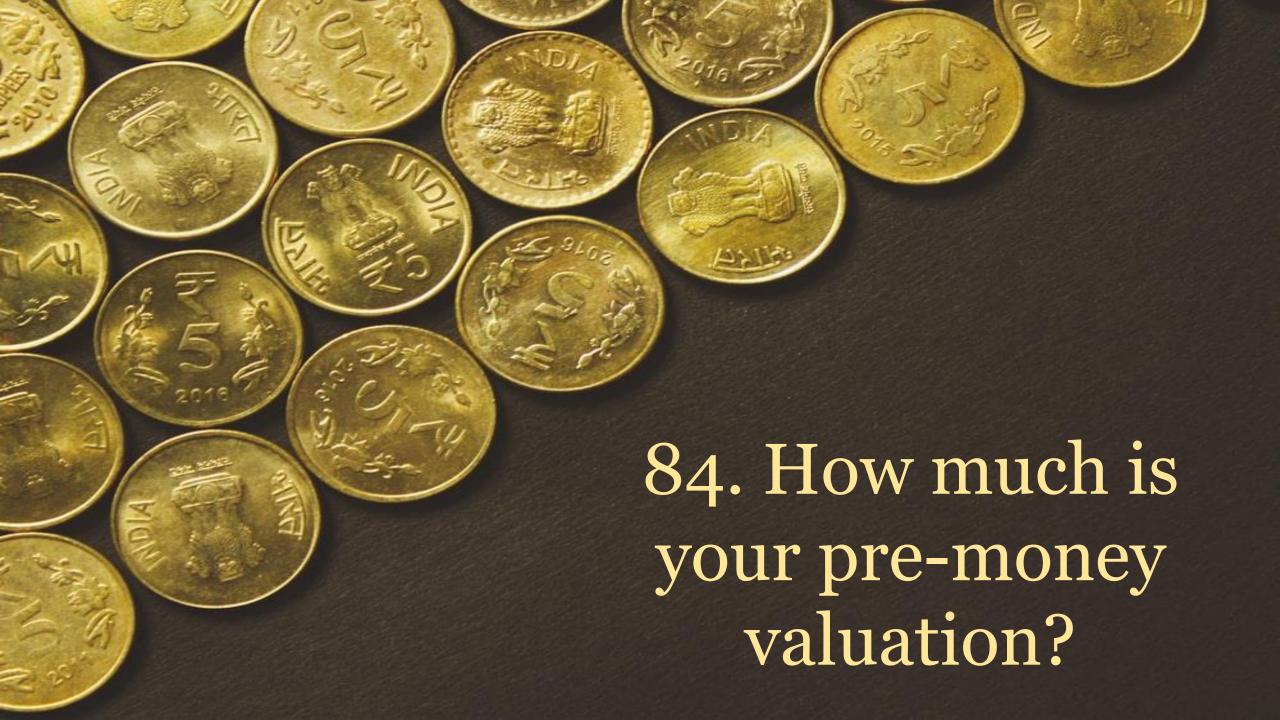
81. What is your expected time frame for this?



82. Who do you imagine will help you exit?



83. When do you expect you will be conducting a follow up round of fundraising?





85. How much are you trying to raise now?





STRATEGY 25/100 YouTube Chamel





STEP 01: YouTube Channel



STEP 02:

Use Capturevidz
And Offshoring For
Videos



REFER TO THE DAY 18-25 (JULY 15-21, 2020) DIGITAL MASTERY NOTES AND RECORDINGS



STEP 03:

Use "Patreon Platform" For Video Creation (Remember To Choose The Niche Patron Supports)

STEP 04: Monetize



STEP 05: Form as company after 6 months to one year and value and raise capital





\$100,00





STEP 01: START AFFILIATE MARKETING



STEP 02: CHOOSE A NICHE WITH WHICH YOU CAN DO ECOMMERCE TOO









Appliances

Book Your E-Store

Baby Book Your E-Store

Bathroom & Toilets

Book Your E-Store

Beauty & Cosmetics

Book Your E-Store









Books

Book Your E-Store

Downloadable/ Digital products

Book Your E-Store

Electronics & Accessories

Book Your E-Store

Fashion

Book Your E-Store



STEP 03: CREATE TRACTION





\$100,00

STEP 04:
FORM A COMPANY TO
START AN
ECOMMERCE BUSINESS AND
AFFILIATE MARKETING







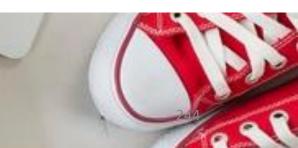


ONLINE SHOPPING MALL





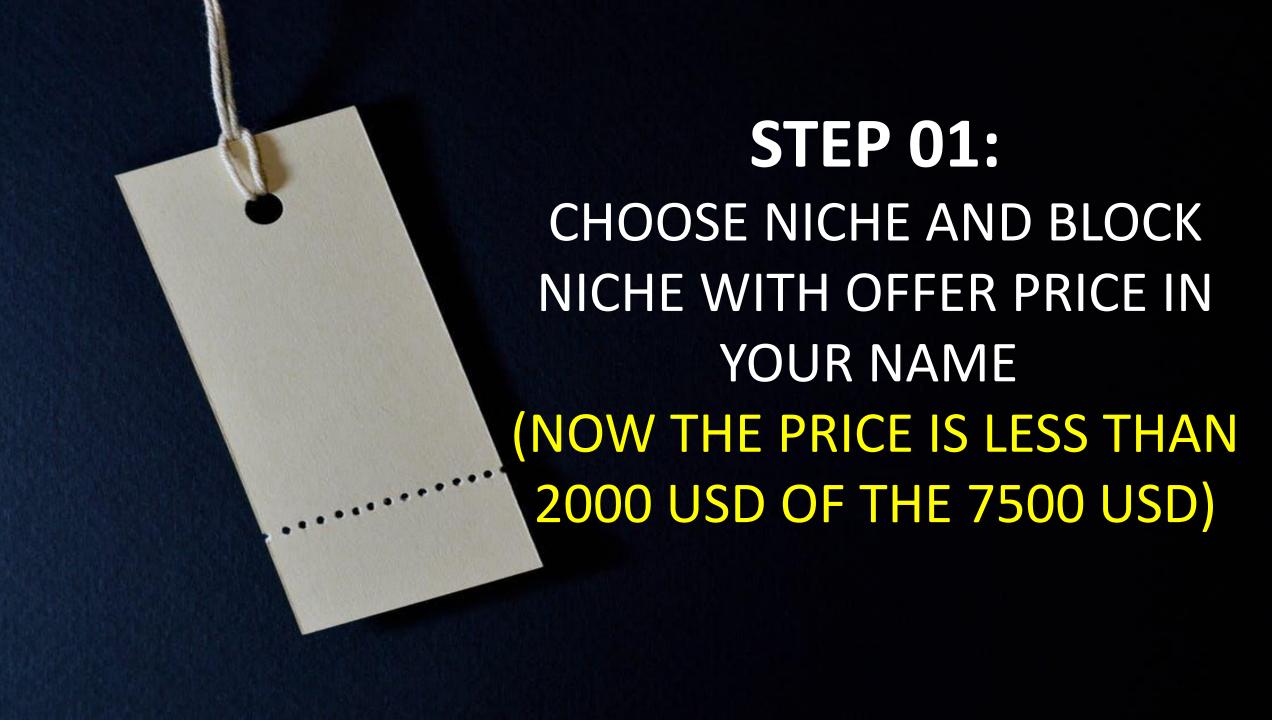
MI JÜLLÜÜ DIGIMENTORS



START AN ECOMMERCE "DONE FOR YOU" NICHE STORE

WITH ONLINE **SHOPPING** MALL OFFER PRICE!





STEP 02:

Get an investor to invest with you 7500 USD with convertible notes with SAFE (without interest with valuation cap of 1 Million USD)



STEP 03: OFFER HIM DISCOUNTED PRICE OF LIQUIDATION WITH IN 18 MONTHS TO 24 MONTHS





STEP 04:
Pay back in 12
months the
initial capital





